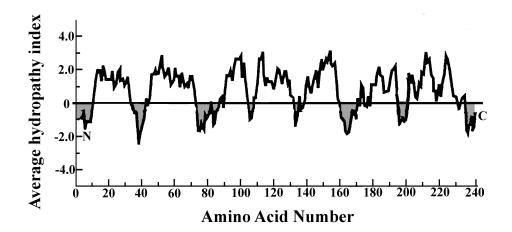
3. Here's a more interesting and difficult version of the same question, using data instead of a cartoon to provide useful information:

The cDNA of a gene coding for an interesting membrane protein has been cloned, amplified and sequenced, and the amino acid sequence of its probable translation product inferred from the nucleotide sequence. The protein contains 240 amino acids and exhibits an apparent molecular weight in SDS-PAGE of approximately 30 kDa. A hydropathy plot of the protein's primary structure is presented in the figure below, numbering the amino acids from the amino terminal end to the carboxy terminal as is customary (designated "N" and "C" respectively).



A. (4 pts) Assuming the protein is an IMP, how many times does it span the membrane?

B. (8 pts) How does this association with the membrane come about? Describe its synthesis.

Synthesis, Targeting and Sorting

C. (4 pts) If the protein were to be glycosylated during its biosynthesis, indicate with arrows which regions \emph{might} be glycosylated.
D. (8 pts) If the protein were to permanently reside (and function) in the ER, how might its biosynthetic pathway differ from that taken by a plasma membrane IMP. How might this difference in targeting be effected? Diagrams would help your description.
E. (6 pts) How might you test your hypothetical targeting mechanism for this protein? What would the results show?